

# Best Practices for Classifying Chemicals of Concern

August 22, 2019

# Welcome to NAEM

Conferences



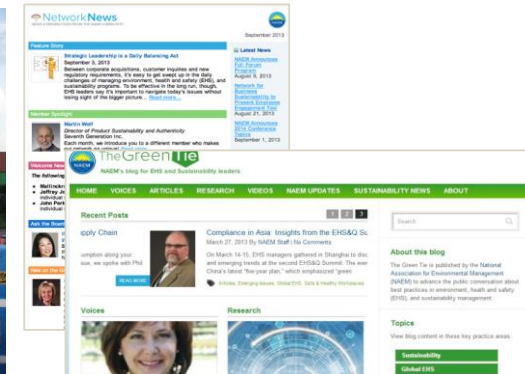
Research



Networking



Publications



NAEM delivers actionable strategies that empower corporate EHS&S leaders to make an impact



# NAEM is a community for EHS&S leaders



# Today's Presenters



**Carrie Decatur**

*Sr. Regulatory Analyst*



**Katie McGee**

*Sr. Regulatory Data Analyst*

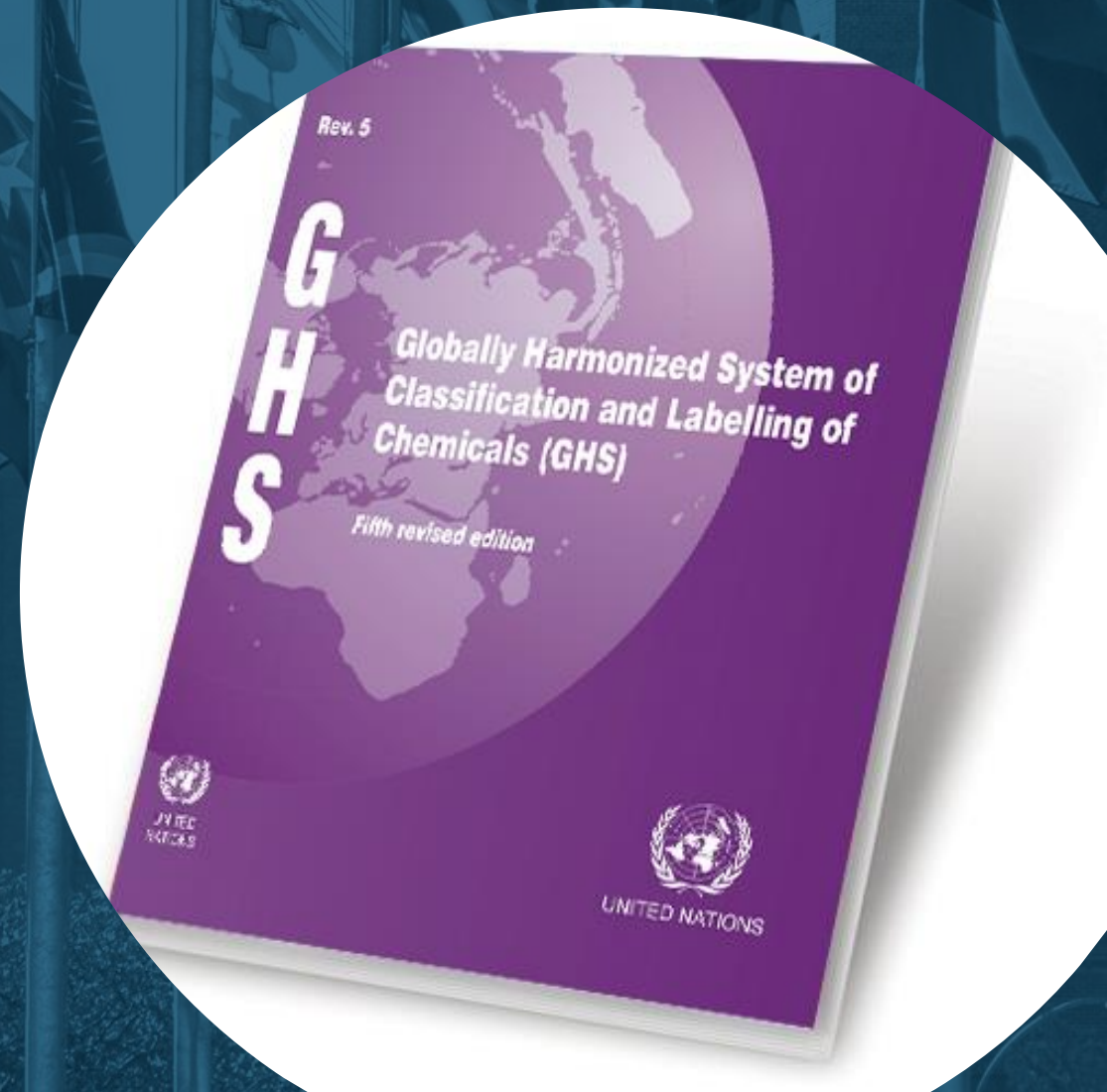


# What are we talking about?

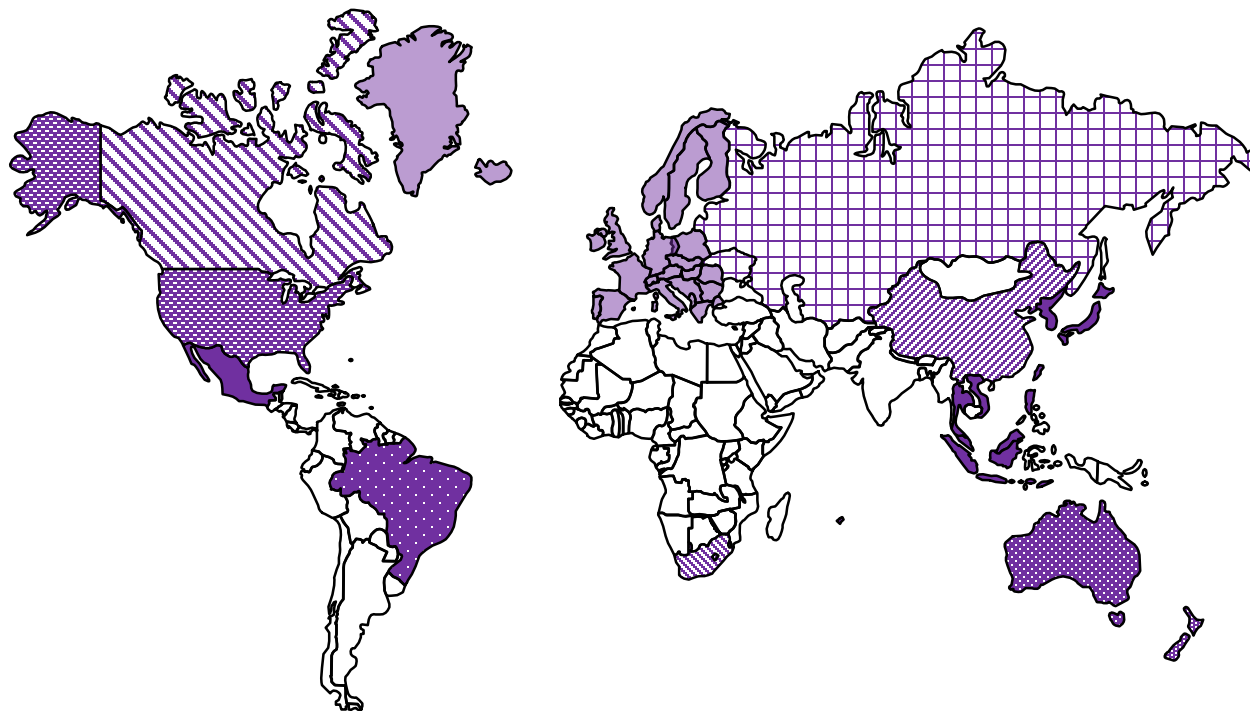
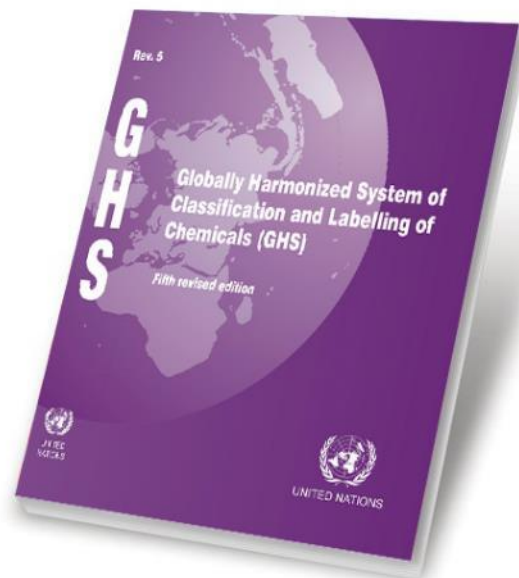


# Classification Framework

# Means of classification

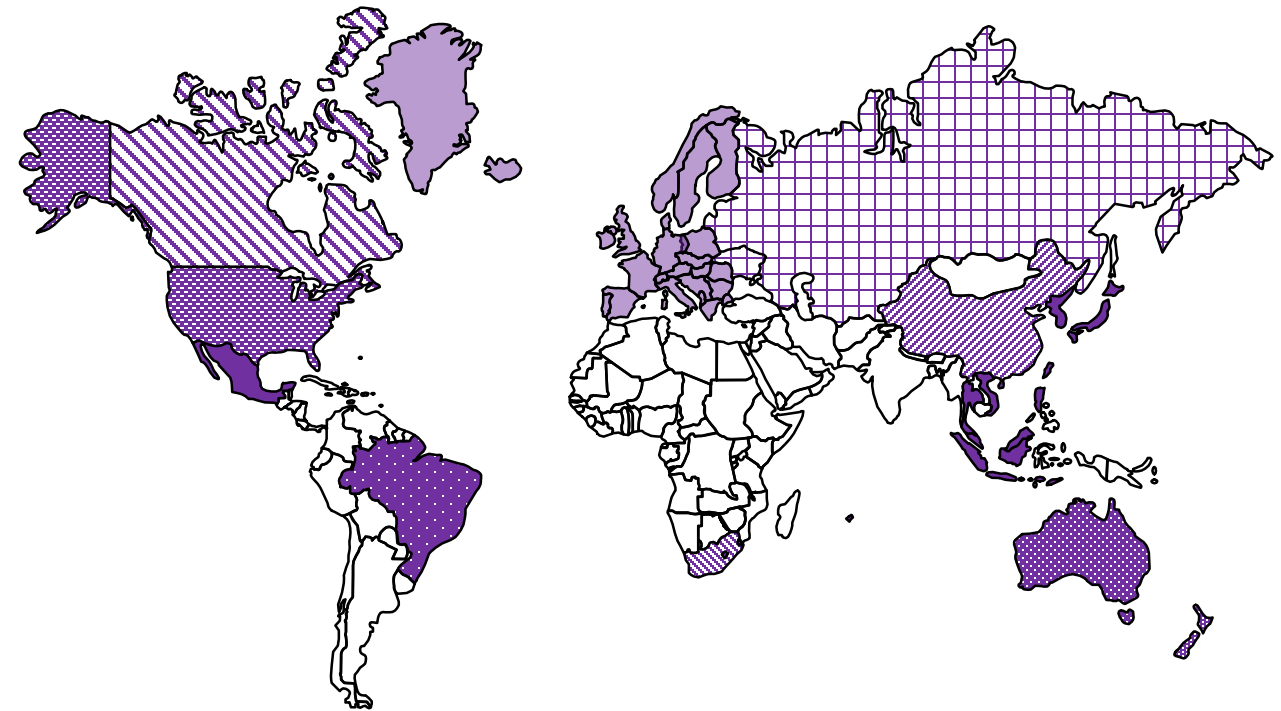


# Harmonization



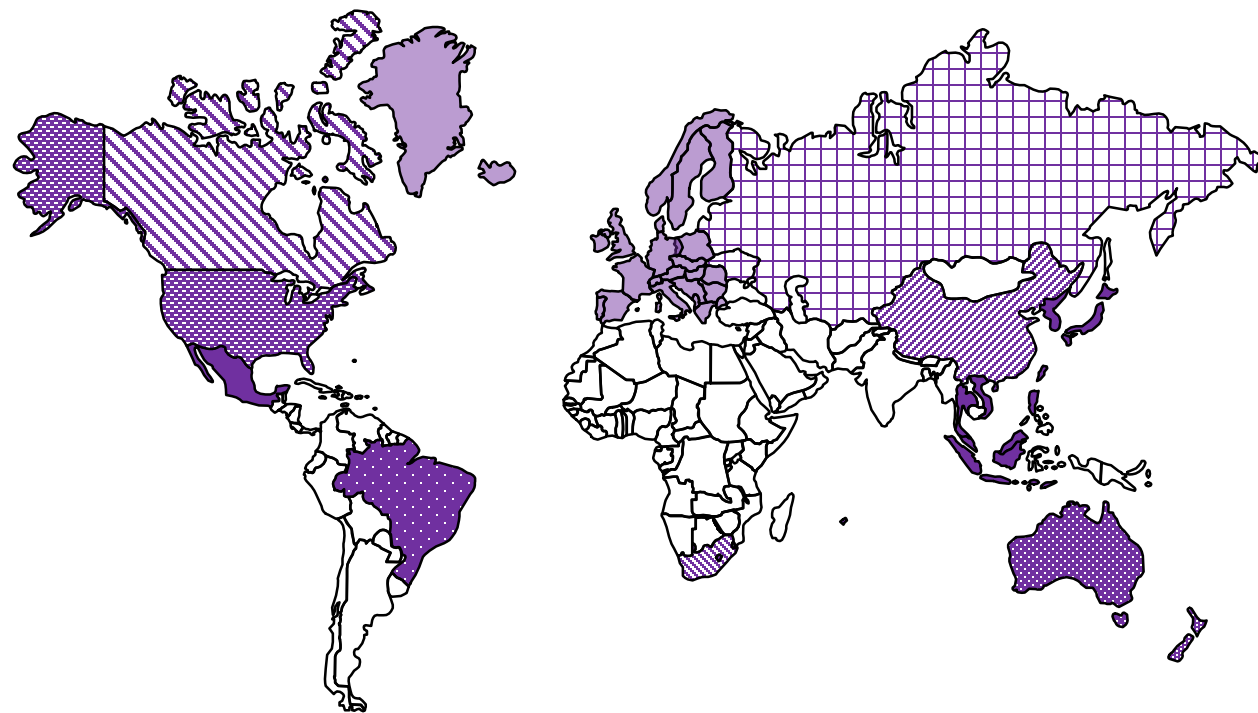


# Substance classification





# Using Substances for Mixture Classification



# Poll Question

**How are you determining classifications for chemicals of concern (authoring SDSs)?**

*For Example: Commercial Software, Home-grown system,  
Microsoft Office (Word, Excel, etc), Other*

# Types of Data





## Types of Data



SUBSTANCE TEST  
DATA



MANDATORY  
CLASSIFICATION LIST  
DATA



ADVISORY AGENCY  
CLASSIFICATIONS,  
DATA &  
ASSESSMENTS



RAW MATERIAL DATA



PRODUCT DATA



# Substance Test Data



- Vast amounts of data
  - Published studies – health effects, physical properties, ecotoxicity, others
  - Alternative test methods
  - Predicted or modelling data
  - Epidemiological data
- Foundational

**Overall Value : High**

## Sources

RTECS, ECHA Registration Dossiers,  
Scientific literature, eCHEM Portal,  
*and many, many others*

# Mandatory Classification List Data



- **Multiple** lists to manage & understand
- Each country maintains their own list
- Lists can have rules around how to use them

**Overall Value : High**

## Sources

EU CLP Annex VI, S. Korea GHS Classifications for Toxic Chemicals (NIER), China List of Hazardous chemicals, etc.





# Advisory Agency Classifications, Data & Assessments



- Lists are compiled in different ways, affecting **accuracy** of the classification
- Includes lists issued by a country
- Includes lists issued by trade organizations or other industry groups

**Overall Value: Medium**  
*(Dependent on the Source)*

## Sources

ACGIH, IARC, Australia GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List, CSSNET, etc.





# Raw Material



- Documents
  - Supplier SDSs
  - Tech Sheets
- Data
  - Ingredients – identity & concentration
  - Material Classifications
  - Ingredient Classifications
  - Test data (raw material)
  - Test data (ingredients)

**Overall Value : ???**

## Sources

Manufacturers, Distributors,  
Suppliers, etc.



# Product Data



- Test studies
  - \$\$\$\$\$\$?
  - Rare
  - But sometimes might make sense
- Knowledge of product in use
  - Adverse effect reports
  - Effects that don't apply

**Overall Value : High** *(if available)*

## Sources

Company sponsored testing,  
Industry groups, Customers

# Poll Question

**What data type do you use the most in completing a classification?**

- A. Substance Data and/or List Classifications
- B. Raw Material Data
- C. Product Data
- D. Combination of the above
- E. Not quite sure



# Best Practices for Data Sources





# Best Practices Substance Test Data

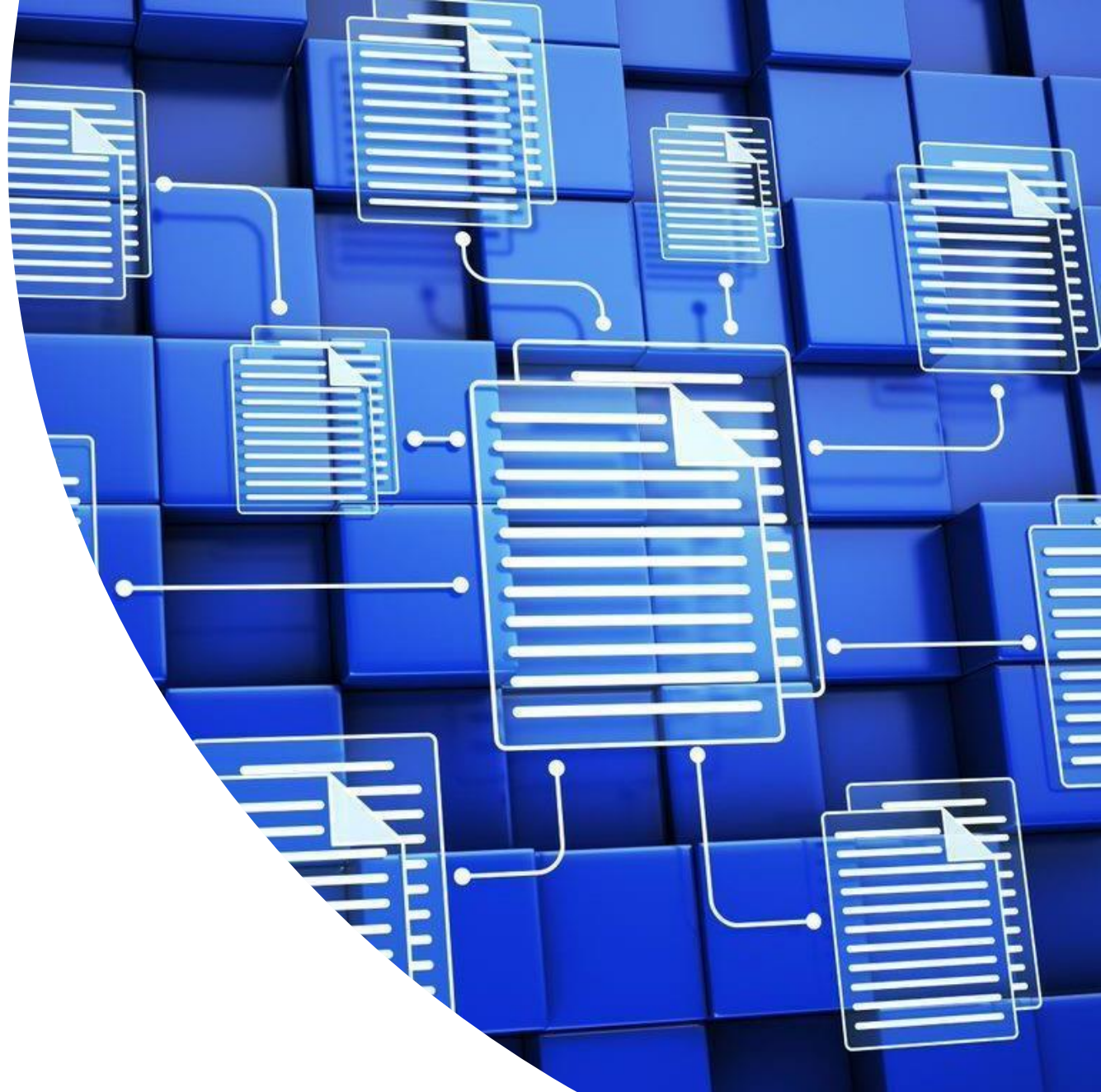
- Quality and Reliability
  - Scientifically sound
  - Klimisch score
  - Test Method/protocol
  - Part of weight of evidence
- Is the test data unique?
- Applicability of the test result
  - Site of action
  - Route of exposure
  - Mechanism or mode of action





## Best Practices **Mandatory Classification List Data**

- Read the regulation in order to understand how the list should be used
- Is the list considered to be complete, or is it a starting point?
- Know which countries have mandatory lists





## Best Practices

# Mandatory Classification List Data

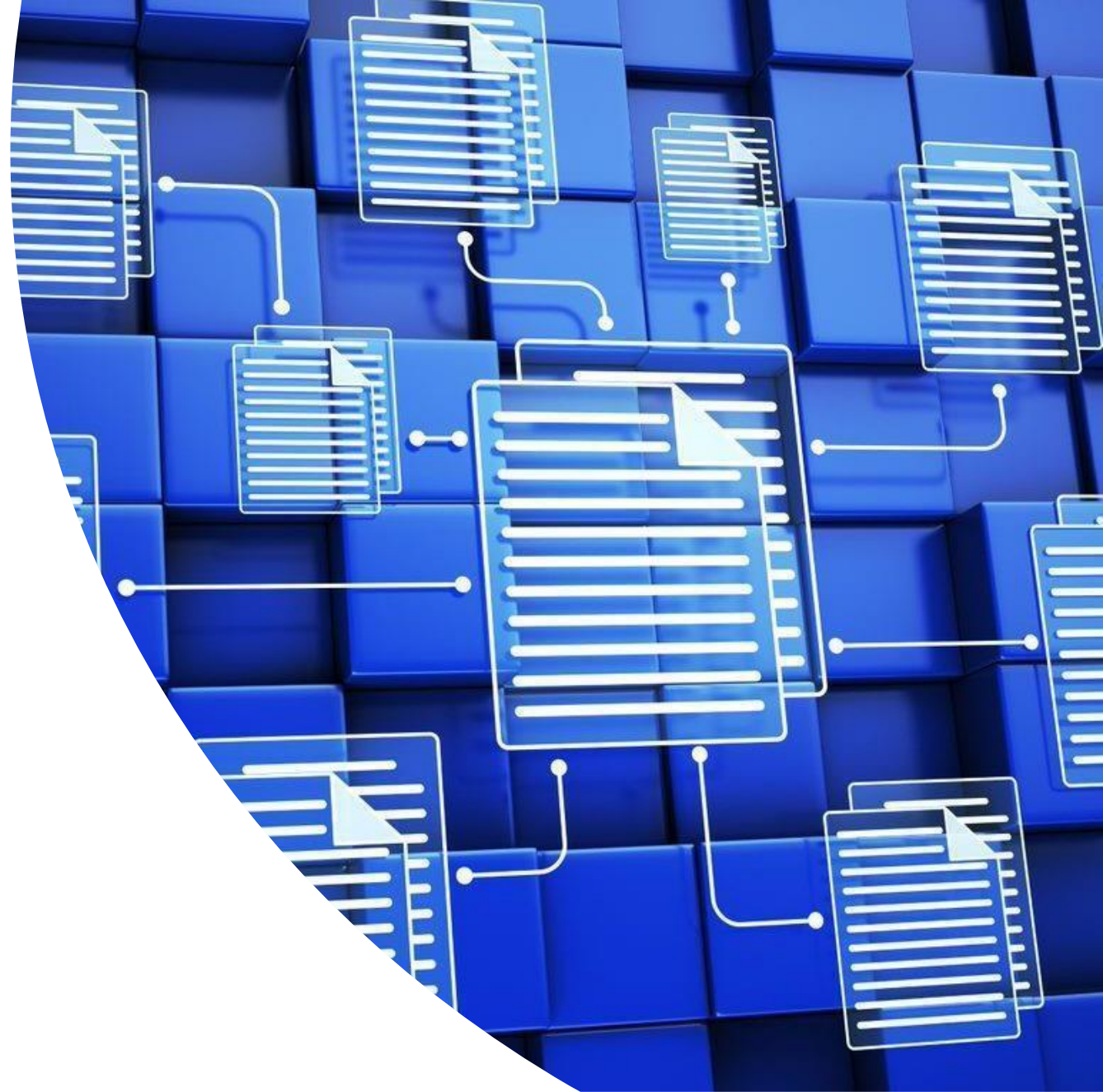
082-001-00-6	lead compounds with the exception of those specified elsewhere in this Annex	—	—	Repr. 1A Acute Tox. 4 * Acute Tox. 4 * STOT RE 2 * Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H360Df H332 H302 H373 ** H400 H410	GHS08 GHS07 GHS09 Dgr	H360Df H332 H302 H373 ** H410		Repr. 2; H361F; C ≥ 2,5 % * STOT RE 2; H373: C ≥ 0,5 %	A1
--------------	--	---	---	---	---	--------------------------------	---	--	---	----





## Best Practices **Mandatory Classification List Data**

- Read the regulation in order to understand how the list should be used
- Is the list considered to be complete, or is it a starting point?
- Know which countries have mandatory lists







## Best Practices **Advisory Agency Classifications, Data & Assessments**

- For classification data, understand how the list was compiled
- Other lists may not give a direct classification, determine how you will use that data and what that data represents
- Determine your confidence level in the data





Best Practices

# Advisory Agency Classifications, Data & Assessments

Approximate Equivalences Among Carcinogen Classification Schemes		
IARC	GHS	NTP RoC
Group 1	Category 1A	Known
Group 2A	Category 1B	Reasonably Anticipated (See Note 1)
Group 2B	Category 2	



## Best Practices **Advisory Agency Classifications, Data & Assessments**

- For classification data, understand how the list was compiled
- Other lists may not give a direct classification, determine how you will use that data and what that data represents
- Determine your confidence level in the data





## Best Practices **Raw Material Data**

- Ingredient limitations
- SDS Quality (reverse engineer)
  - Section 2 & Sections 3, 9, 11, 12 & 14
  - Section 3 & Sections 11 & 12
  - And potentially other information
- Check SDS data against substance research & List classification data
- Relationships with suppliers







## Best Practices Product Data

- Potentially consider testing in some scenarios
  - *Ex: Physical Properties (flashpoint), irritation/corrosion*
- Other Product Data uses - "Bridging Principles"
- Make sure any Industry data is applicable



# Best Practices for Evaluation Processes



## Best Practices **Evaluation Processes**

- ☑ Understand your Software
- ☑ Have a defined process
- ☑ Who classifies substances?
- ☑ Document, document, document!



A man in a light blue button-down shirt is seen from behind, sitting in a blue office chair. He is raising his right hand, pointing his index finger upwards, as if asking a question or making a point in a meeting. In the background, other people are blurred, and the setting appears to be a modern office or conference room with large windows.

# Questions?





# CONTACT

## ADDRESS

130 East Randolph St,  
Suite 1900  
Chicago, IL 60601 USA

## PHONE

(312) 796-7160

## ONLINE

<https://sphera.com/contact-us>

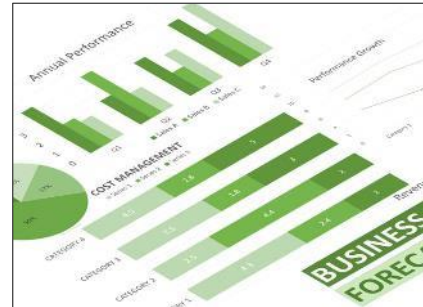
# Great Webinars Every Few Weeks!

Sept 19



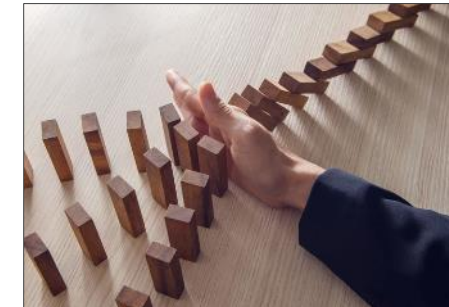
*How to Use  
Downstream Vendor  
Programs to Manage  
EHS Risks*

Oct 29



*How to Demonstrate  
Performance through  
EHS&S Metrics*

Nov 21



*Improve Enterprise Risk  
Management With  
Systems Thinking and  
New Technology*

*Check our website for registration  
and additional information about our future webinars!*

[www.naem.org](http://www.naem.org)



# 2019 EHS&S Management Forum

Get your passports ready!

**October 15-19 in Toronto, Canada**



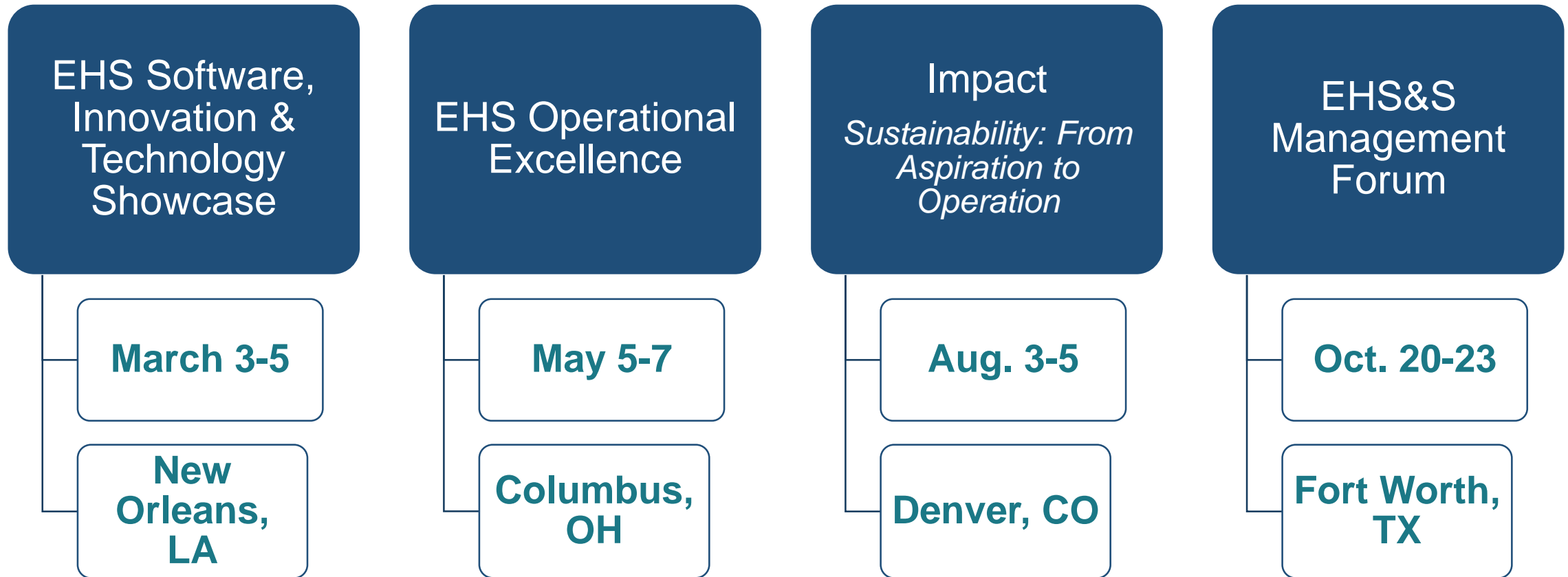
- Engaged Program Committee
  - 30 Members including 8 Affiliates
- Five tracks, 25 topics featuring peer speakers, keynotes and small group discussions
- Topics focused on EHS and sustainability trends, management challenges, and solutions
- Unparalleled networking and learning opportunities

***Check our website for registration and additional information!***

**[www.naem.org](http://www.naem.org)**



# Save the Date: 2020 Conferences



***Check our website for additional information about our conferences!***



**[www.naem.org](http://www.naem.org)**



# Connect with NAEM!

- Online: [www.naem.org](http://www.naem.org)
- Via email: [caitlin@naem.org](mailto:caitlin@naem.org)
- Social media:
  - Twitter: [@NAEMorg](https://twitter.com/NAEMorg)
  - Facebook: [www.facebook.com/NAEM.org](https://www.facebook.com/NAEM.org)
  - LinkedIn: <https://www.linkedin.com/company/naem>

