

Show Me the Money: Communicating Your Successes in Reducing EHS Costs

January 29, 2020







Virginia Hoekenga NAEM Deputy Director

How NAEM Membership Supports You

- Connect to peers, whose experience and knowledge can help you solve your own challenges.
- Gain insight into how peer companies are addressing similar issues.
- ✓ Find solutions to your questions via events, online learning and publications.
- Be inspired by how others have succeeded in their goals

We Connect EHS & Sustainability leaders



120





Reaching a community of Practice 25K+

2020 Conference Dates



Check our website for registration and additional information about our conferences!

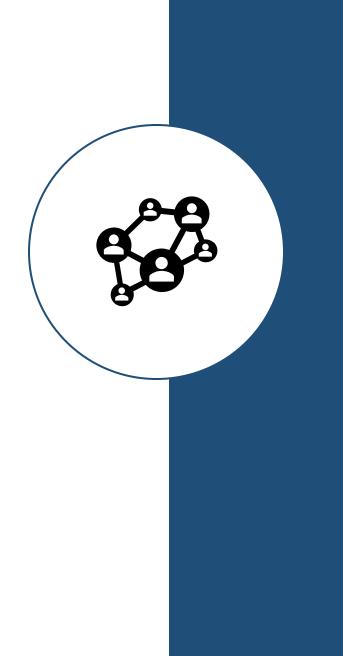


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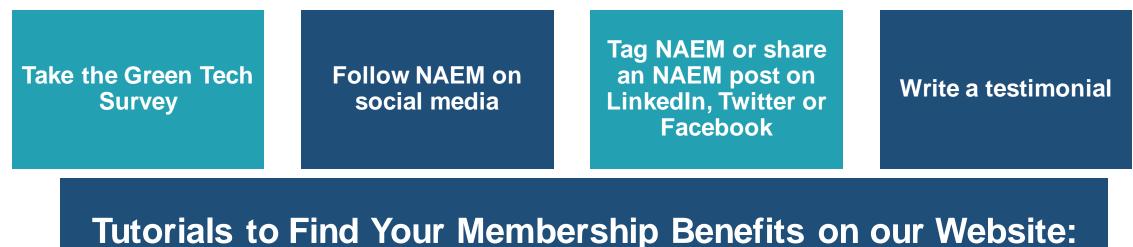
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Remaining Activities for the Week

- Thursday, Jan 30: Discount Day
 - Most inexpensive prices of the year on all 2020 conference
 - Already registered for March EHS Tech Conference, offering Early Bird rate this day only!
- Friday, Jan 31: Raffle Day
 - How to enter the raffle:



https://www.naem.org/resources/website-tutorials/



Show Me the Money: Communicating Your Successes in Reducing EHS Costs





Greg Derevianko Senior Health & Safety Manager Comcast Corp.

David Eherts, Ph.D Vice President, Global EHS Allergan plc 2019 NAEM Lifetime Achievement Award Recipient





Lesley Clarke Manager, Environmental Performance Walker Industries Inc. 2018 NAEM NexGen Leader Award Recipient



In this session

Look at two sides of the same coin...

- 1. Project-specific. real-life. case studies:
 - Take you through how EHS actions turned into overall cost savings
 - Describe how these realizations of cost savings were communicated within the organization
- 2. How to sell your idea in the first place:
 - Learn how to effectively create a business case for EHS





The Fit Technique Saving Money with Field Ergonomics

Comcast Health and Safety



WELLBEING FOR YOU



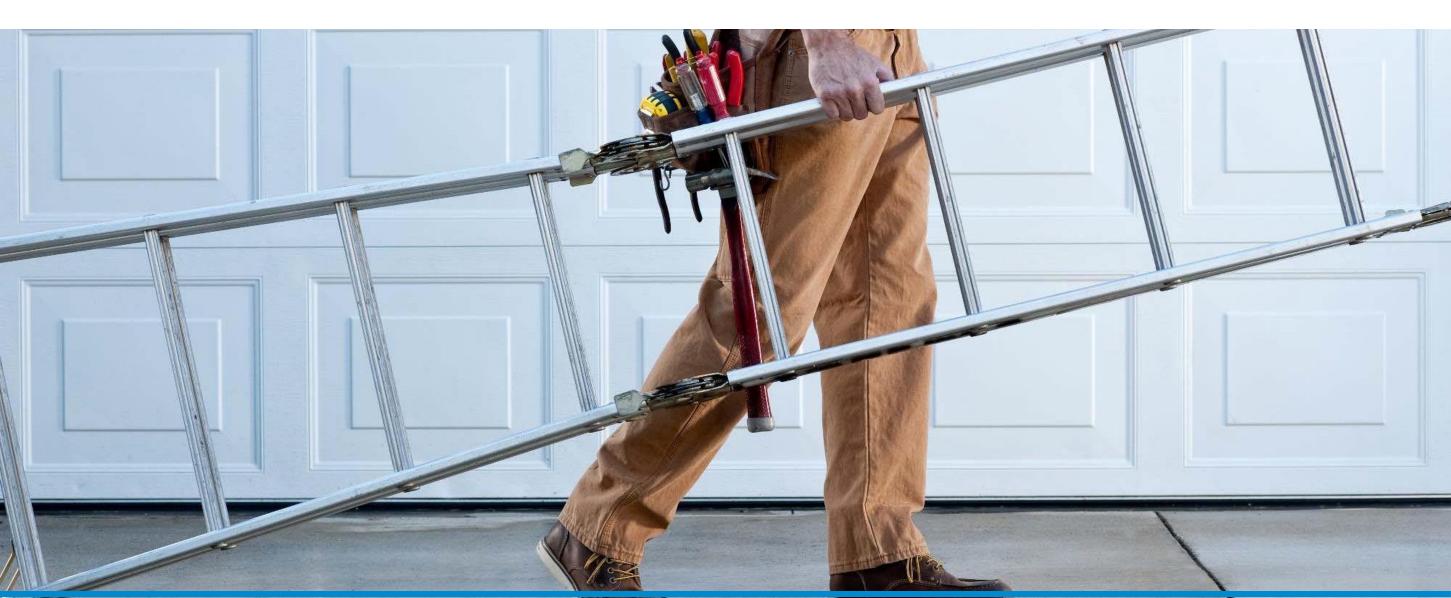
64% of Comcast Work-Related Injuries are due to Strains and Sprains

vs 31% for the US Average

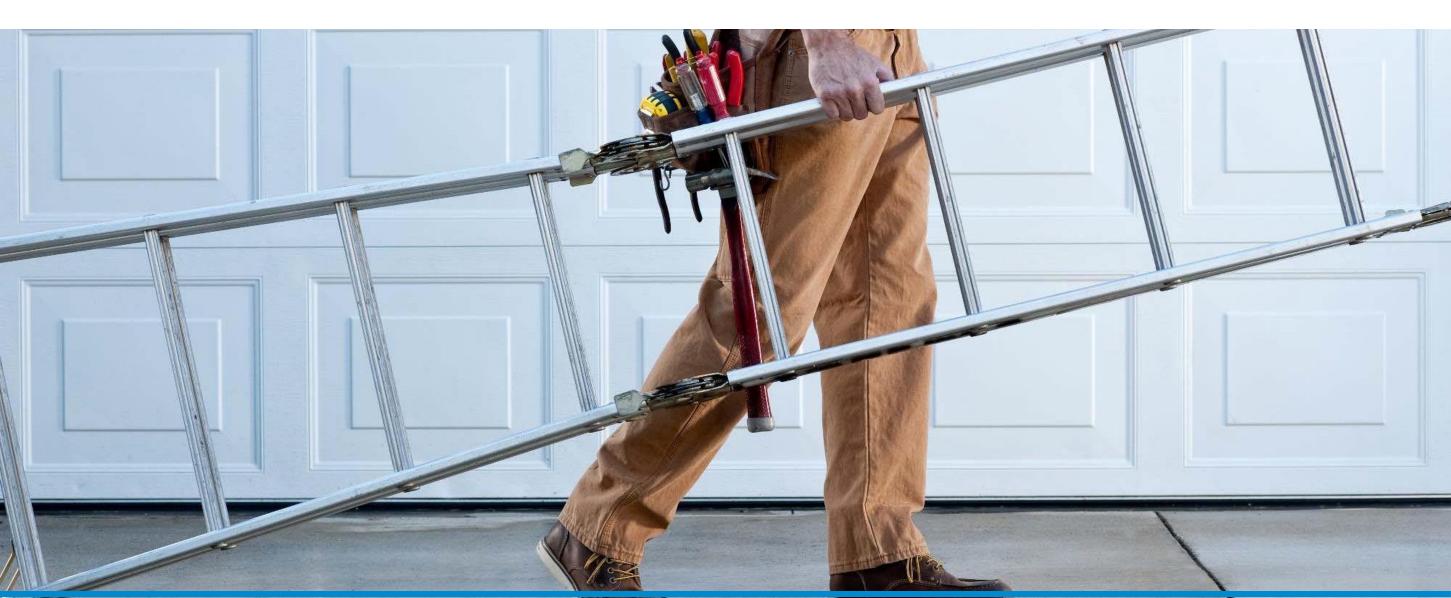


5 HR Total Rewards

It's the Ladder!

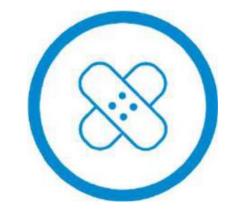


It's NOT the Ladder...?



Daily Risk Factors





Lifting Pulling

Reaching Carrying

Twisting Slips and Trips

Kneeling Driving

8 HR Total Rewards

Time to Develop a Program

12 Training Videos

Coaching Guidance for Supervisors

Pamphlets

Stretches and Exercises

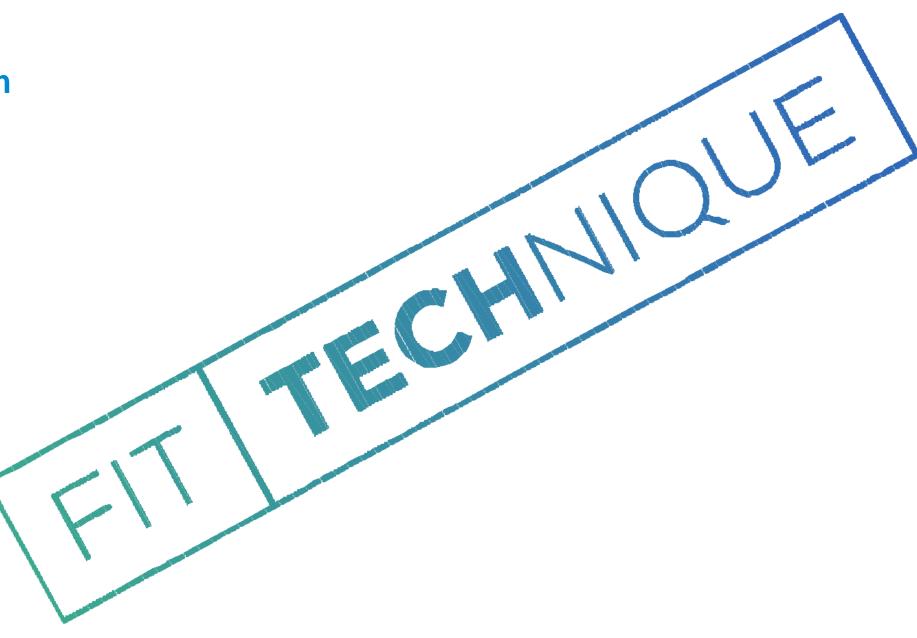
2 Methods of Deployment

Giveaways

Professional Trainers

Pilots in Multiple Regions

Logos and Branding!!



Training Videos and Associated Coaching Guidance

We have 12 videos covering:

- Ergonomic principles
- 4 kinds of lifts
- Techniques for reaching and pulling
- Kneeling and twisting methods
- Driving, 3PC
- Using these techniques at home

Each video also includes warm-up techniques and an associated exercise handout.



Stay Safe and Healthy with THE FIT TECHNIQUE



FIT TECHNIQUE

Miles & Mary Missal



Coach Guidance

This page gives you, the Fit Technique Coach (FTC), ideas for furthering discussions around the Fit Technique videos. Use the information on this page as a guide for helping your employees understand the Fit Technique and put it to use. Thank you for being a Fit Technique Coach!

Video 1: Ergonomic Risk Factors



Additional Materials and Deployment

We included a kneeling pad as a give-away for all technicians who participated, and each received a pamphlet as a quick-reference guide.

To minimize impact to work needs, two methods of deployment were provided as an option to lessen technicians' time out of the field.



We have this great program to reduce injuries. Wanna do it?







But it has logos and branding and the pilots look promising at reducing our number one injury!





But we have these great videos!





Show me the Money!







Show me the Money!

\$17 MILLION per year

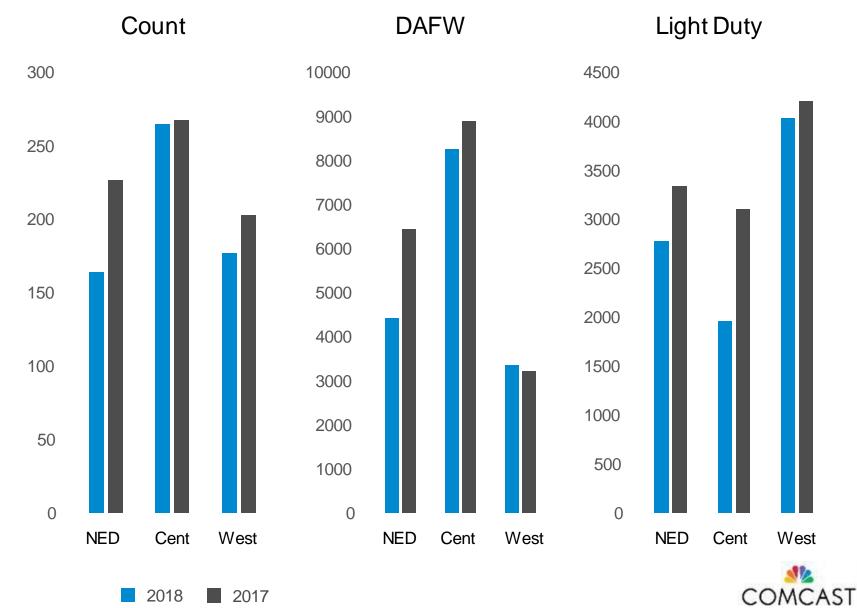


20 HR Total Rewards



Totals: 2017: 702 Injuries 18,554 DAFW 10,664 LD 608 Injuries 2018: 16,240 DAFW 8,806 LD -28% Count NED: -31% DAFW

Count of Field Ergo Injuries, DAFW, and LD





2017 2018



After one year of a functional pilot, the cost of MSI to our Technical Operations was reduced by **31%** with only 2 of 5 regions in the NED participating.

Cost of Short Term and Long Term Disability



1. Ex refers to the cost of external resources for technicians on leave.

2. There is no internal cost for LTD, as it is fully insured.





Success!





Technical Operations and Comcast University have adopted the Fit Technique as a mandatory safety training for our new hires.



Show Me The Money: Communicating Your Successes in Reducing EHS Costs

Adrian Khan, EHSS Senior Manager

Mother Parkers Tea & Coffee



What do you think about this?

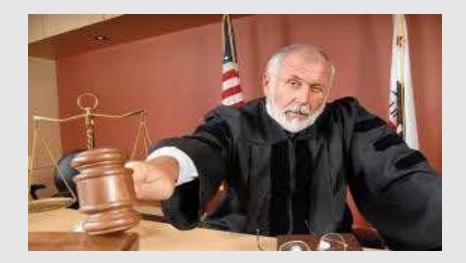






What can happen when such incidents occur?









Prevention is Key!

Mother Parkers Tea & Coffee Case Study: Distribution Centre Lighting Retrofit







The Concern

Issue with lighting was raised in our Distribution Centre through our Joint Health and Safety Committee (JHSC)

Low light levels was creating eye strain while putting away pallets into high levels of the racking system

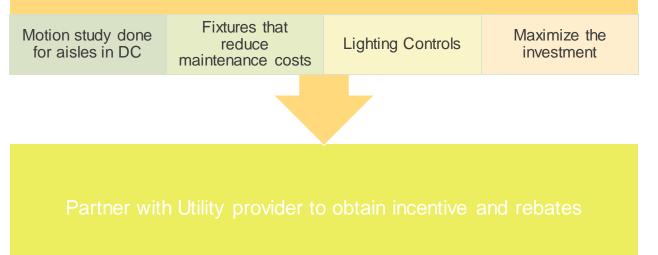
Many of the lighting fixtures are repaired but soon burn out

Leads to loss of pallet locations and loss of productivity



The Plan

Partner with Supplier and Manufacturer to identify a solution and improve lighting conditions and reduce energy consumption



Involve employees in planning and solution (JHSC)





The Solution

Replace 1000W and 400W metal halide lighting fixtures with high bay LED fixtures with lighting controls



Standardize fixtures across the DC using the modelling design by the manufacturer



Utilize the incentive program for energy conservation



Utilize the recommendations made by the employees and the JHSC

> ROI - <6 months! Bottom up approach to the solution

Show Me The Money Electricity Reduction

- Cut the electricity load at the Mississauga DC by 50% (on-going savings)
- 1.7M kWh/year = enough electricity to power 170 homes for a year
- In total 294 light fixtures that resulted in 458 watt per fixture (lamp and ballast) and 144 light fixtures that resulted in 1095 watt per fixture (lamp and ballast) for a total system wattage of 292,332W
- Total system wattage was reduced to 78,840W, a significant reduction of 73% of total system wattage





Show Me The Money Incentives, Rebates and Recognition

- >\$100,000 in government and utility incentives and rebates
- 2016 CIPEC Award Integrated Energy Efficiency Strategy
- Alectra (electricity utility provider) Mother Parkers named as Conservation Hero (first ever)
- Morale boosting for DC Associates intangible





Best Practice and Standardization

- Within a year:
 - Converted all of Mississauga-based facilities from the standard 1000 W and 400 W metal halide lighting to LED fixtures
 - Technology that provides brighter, lasts longer and uses a fraction of the electricity
 - The company also installed occupancy sensors, which turn on the lights only when motion is detected
 - This was a successful implementation of an EHS project that had buy-in throughout all levels in the organization and an example of how being creative with EHS can generate compelling support from all stakeholders

QUANTITATIVE COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS

NAEM

OCTOBER, 2019

David Eherts PhD CIH Vice President Global EHS Ph: +1 862 261 7495 david.eherts@allergan.com



FINANCIAL ASPECTS OF EHS MANAGEMENT

(ENHS 7260)

Class 1- Course Introduction 2018



KEY INSIGHTS: ASSE VALUE OF THE PROFESSION PROJECT

Areas where managers felt that the safety professionals performance fell below expectations:

Business And Strategy

- We don't always plan and react strategically
- We don't transform data/insights into practical solutions
- We don't develop methods that integrate safety performance into business productivity
- We don't align EHS project plans with overall business strategy
- We don't understand financial related terms and information
- We don't know how to evaluate proposed investments against their projected payoff

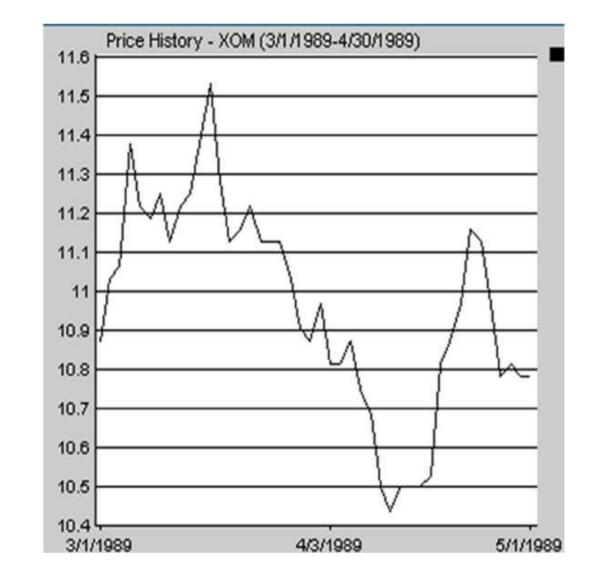
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- > Understand basic financial management concepts and tools.
- > Understand the Macro and Micro Business Case for Safety.
- > Learn how (and when) to present the benefits and costs of health and safety investments.
- > Evaluate existing models for analyzing safety and health investment strategies.
- > Understand how make a business case to justify health and safety investments.
- > Introduce students to the Return on Health, Safety and Environmental Management (ROHSEI) software.

THE FINANCIAL VALUE OF SAFETY

Strategic (Macro) Sales Stock Price Market Cap Right-to-Operate

Tactical (Micro) Cost-Benefit Analysis ROI, NPV or DPP...



The best business cases involve both

This document contains no technical data subject to EAR or ITAR.

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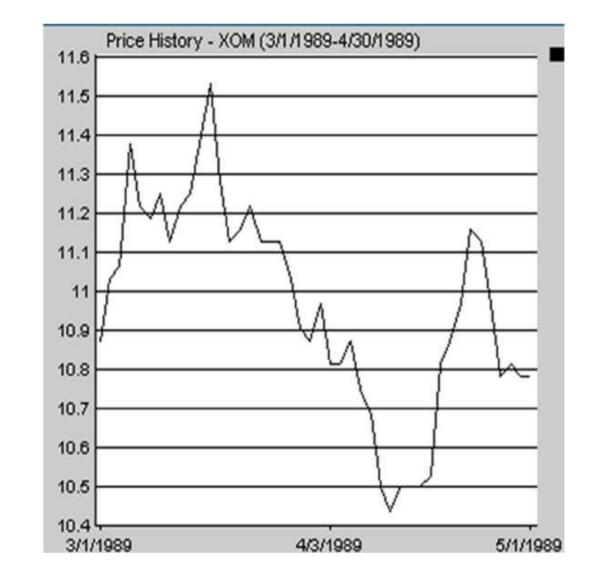
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2018 EHS PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

We continue to maintain our place amongst the most environmentally sustainable and socially responsible companies in the world

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices

In Collaboration with RobecoSAM 🐽



FTSE4Good

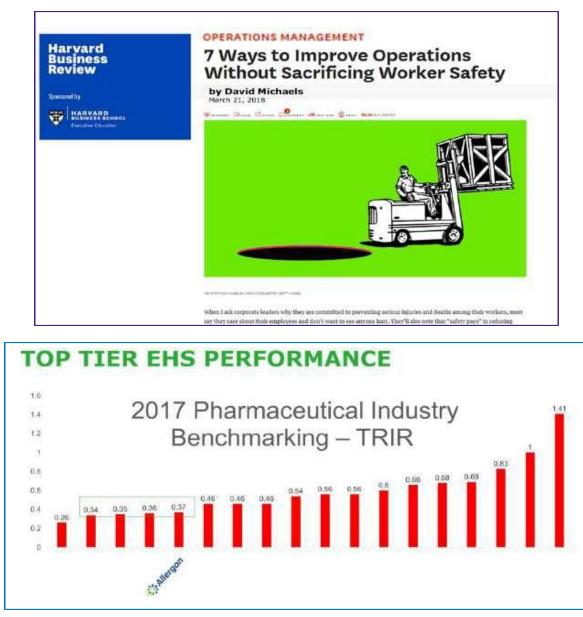
ENERGY STAR AWARD 2018 PARTNER OF THE YEAR Sustained Excellence 7 years in a row

Allergan

■ Forbes The World's Most Sustainable Companies 2017

Improved from #24 in the world in 2017 to #20 in 2018

While continuing to be amongst the safest companies in the world



STRATEGIC VALUE OF EHS PERFORMANCE

"As a strong proxy for management quality, EHS performance consistently correlates well with stock price performance."

Innovest 2005





Return on Health, Safety and Environmental Investment



Making the Tactical Business Case

Bridging Financial and EHS Measures

- Finance/Operations
- Earnings/EPS
- ROI
- Payback
- PVRR
- Internal Rate of Return
- Production rates
- Earnings/employee
- Net Present Value
- Cost Benefit



ROHSEI Bridges the Gap

Safety/Industrial Hygiene

- Lost Work Day injury rates
- Property loss
- Worker's compensation
- Fines and citations
- ■No. of people trained
- Exposure Assessments
- Near misses
- Behavioral Observations
- Audit findings

EXAMPLES OF ROHSEI PROJECTS

- Sprinkler Protection
- 2. Onsite Primary Healthcare
- 3.
- Disability (STD/LTD) Mgmt Disposable Coverall Recycling Disposable Co
 Soil Remediati
 HSE Websites
- Soil Remediation
- Behavior Based Safety Programs
 Primary Healthcare in Europe
- 9. Epidemiology Studies and Software
- 10. PPE vs Engineering Controls 11. Ergonomics Programs (Lower back)
- 12. Ergonomics Programs (Work Station)
- 13. Fleet Safety Programs
- 14. Electronic MSDS Systems
- 15. PSM
- 16. Integrated Health and Wellness
- 17. IH for the FDA
- 18. Spin-off or Lay-off
- 19. EGPWS
- 20. SMS
- 21-40. Ergonomics
- 41. Containment and the Hierarchy of Controls



IN DEVELOPMENT: ISPE BASELINE GUIDE ON CONTAINMENT

Allergan

The Value:

- 1. Elimination of PPE as a primary barrier
- 2. Increases in yield and product conformity
- 3. Decreased potential for cross contamination
- 4.Decreased potential for a deflagration caused by aerosolized powders or flammable vapor concentrations
- 5.Decreased potential for the loss of API to the environment (an important emerging issue with antimicrobial resistance)
- 6. Decreased potential for quality issues related to particulates and loss of asepsis
- 7.Decreased need for excessive ventilation (room air changes), decreasing energy costs while positively affecting climate change
- 8.Increases in productivity due to shortened or eliminated change-over times, faster transfer of product between unit operations (via vacuum transfer for example), decreased time spent gowning and de-gowning and scrubbing in...

Business Case Summar	y: Generic Containment		X
1. Eocus of Opportunity	2. Explore Alternatives 3. Benefits and Drawbacks 4. Recommendation	ations <	: >≥
What is the problem that	needs to be addressed?		

Is this project being conducted to reduce risk, reduce costs and/or increase revenue? If the purpose includes reducing risk, you may wish to describe the current risk level and explain why this level is unacceptable.

OSHA's regulatory driven hierarchy of controls requires that engineering controls take precedence over administrative controls and respiratory protection is a last resort and can only be used while engineering controls are being installed or if they are technically infeasible. Allergan understands that engineering controls will not just better ensure that our employees cannot be overexposed to potent pharmaceutical products but that they will increase the speed at which we develop and launch and then manufacture our products yielding a significant competitive advantage and at significantly lower overall cost.

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	Business Case Summary: Generic Containment	×
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Required for all Analyses		
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	nt Rate 7.20%	metrics:
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Costs:

The capital required for engineering control improvements at a new facility as compared to the previous process at the old facility is \$600,000 in capital for that line. Another similar set of engineering controls will be required for a second line. Total \$1.2 M in capital.

Benefits:

Extra Yield: Additional product yield is estimated at 13,350,000 tablets annually (at a cost of goods of \$0.0299 per tablet) for a cost avoidanmce of approximately \$400,000 annually.

Decreased Room Air Changes: For every 4 room air changes reduction, there is an energy cost savings of \$100,000.

Decreased PPE usage: Cost avoidance of PAPRs and Tyvek coveralls is estimated at \$405,000 annually out of a total site PPE budget of \$623,000 (30 employees at \$13,500 per employee per year).

Decreased time lost to donning and doffing PPE: Productivity savings are estimated at 20 minutes per employee per day (5 mins X 4 times per day) X 30 employees X 244 work days = 146,400 mionutes or 2,440 hours per year at \$39.11 per hour = \$95,428 productivity savings annually.

Still to be calculated: Savings in room cleaning (cange-over) time and other increases in productivity and speed including ease of working, faster launches, faster business response to changing market conditions...

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Going from this....



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7	\$0	\$0	\$108,000	\$62,915	\$0					
8	\$0	\$0	\$108,000	\$50,332	\$0					
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Operational Personnel Time	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,42
EHS Personnel Time	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Training	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
EHS Supplies	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,00
Production Downtime	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Medical Costs and Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Loss of Raw Materials, Product	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,00
Fines and Penalties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Energy	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,00
		¥100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,00
		1100,000		\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,00
								-
Net Incident Approach Benefit	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	•
Net Incident Approach Benefit Benefits Before Taxes	\$0 \$1000428	▼ \$0 \$1000428						
Net Incident Approach Benefit Benefits Before Taxes Net Tax Benefits Total Benefits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	▼ \$0

	Containment	▼ <-	- Scenarios		Memo				<u><</u> <	>>_		
	Incident Approach Benefits of Project	Costs of Proje	ct Decision	Matrix	20 mins per	day×30 ees≻	<244 days at \$	39.11 per hou	ur.			
H.	Parameter	Year1	Year2	Year3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year .	1		
۰.	Operational Personnel Time	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,42			
	EHS Personnel Time	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$	4		
	Training	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$			
Ц.	EHS Supplies	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,00			
	Production Downtime	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$			
	Medical Costs and Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$			
	Loss of Raw Materials, Product	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,00			
	Fines and Penalties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$			
	Energy	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,00			
ran	ent Approach Benefits of Project	Ye	ear1	Year2	Year3	Year	4 Ye	ar5	Vear6	Year	7 Yea	-
ran		Ye	ear1		· ·	1 .	4 Ye	ar5			7 Yea	-
an	neter	Ye	ear1	Year2	Year3	Year	4 Ye	ar5	Year6	Year	7 Yea	-
an	Net Incident Approach Benefit	Ye \$95	ear1	Year2 95,428	Year3 \$95,428	Year4 \$95,428	4 Ye 8 \$95,	ar5 428 50	Year6 \$95,428	Year	7 Yea	-
an	Net Incident Approach Benefit Benefits Before Taxes	Ye \$95	s0 \$1000428	Year2 95,428 \$0 \$1000428	Year3 \$95,428	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$1000428	4 Ye 8 \$95, 50 \$1000428	ar5 428 50 \$1000428	Year6 \$95,428	Year	7 Yea	-
an	Net Incident Approach Benefit	Ye \$95	ear1	Year2 95,428	Year3 \$95,428	Year4 \$95,428	4 Ye 8 \$95,	ar5 428 50	Year6 \$95,428	Year	7 Yea	-
an	Net Incident Approach Benefit Benefits Before Taxes	Ye \$95	s0 \$1000428	Year2 95,428 \$0 \$1000428	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$1000428 \$0	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$1000428 \$0	4 Ye 8 \$95, 50 \$1000428	ar5 428 50 \$1000428	Year6 \$95,428 \$0 \$1000428 \$0	Year	7 Yea	-

	Analyze: Generic Containment								_ _ ×		
	Containment	▼ <-	Scenarios		Memo				<u><</u> >	≥	
	Incident Approach Benefits of Project	osts of Proje	ct Decisio	n Matrix		13,500 per ee	peryear				
	Parameter Operational Personnel Time	Year1 \$95,428	Year2 \$95,428	Year3 \$95,428	Year4 \$95,428	Year5 \$95,428	Year6 \$95,428	Year7 \$95,428	Yeari ▲ \$95,42	ľ	
	EHS Personnel Time Training	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$		
	EHS Supplies Production Downtime	\$405,000 \$0	\$405,000 \$0	\$405,000 \$0	\$405,000 \$0	\$405,000 \$0	\$405,000 \$0	\$405,000 \$0	\$405,00 \$		
Incident	Approach Benefits of Project	Costs of	Project	Decision	n Matrix	30	ees at \$13	,500 per ee	e per year		
Parame	ter	Y	'ear1	Year2	Yea	ar3	Year4	Year5	Yea	r6	Year7
Operatio	onal Personnel Time	\$9	5,428	\$95,428	\$95,4	428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,42	28	\$95,428
EHS Pe	rsonnel Time		\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0) 9	\$0	\$0
Training			\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0) 9	\$0	\$0
EHS Su	pplies	\$40	5,000	\$405,000	\$405,0	000 \$·	405,000	\$405,000	\$405,00	00	\$405,000
	Net Incident Approach Benefit Benefits Before Taxes Net Tax Benefits Total Benefits	\$0 \$1000428 \$0 \$1000428	\$0 \$1000428 \$0 \$1000428		\$0 \$1000428 \$0 \$1000428	\$0 \$1000428 \$0 \$1000428	\$0 \$1000428 \$0 \$1000428	\$0 \$1000428 \$0 \$1000428	♥ \$0 \$1000428 \$0 \$1000428 ↓		61

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Containment	< Scenarios			Memo ≤<						
Incident Approach Benefits of Project	Costs of Project	t Decision	Matrix	Avoided so	rap projected f	or 2015 is 5,674	kgs which = 1	3,349,700 ta	blets at	
Parameter	Year1	Year2	Year3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Yeari		
Operational Personnel Time	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	and the second sec	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,42		
EHS Personnel Time	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$	_	
Training	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
EHS Supplies	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,00		
Production Downtime	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
Medical Costs and Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
Loss of Raw Materials, Product	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,00		
Fines and Penalties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
dent Approach Benefits of Project	Costs of Proj		ision Ma	trix Year3	Avoided so Year4	rap projecte Year5		is 5,674 kç ear6	gs which = Year7	
		1 Ye	ar2				i Ye		-	13,349,700 tel Yeari \$95,42
ameter	Year1	1 Ye 8 \$95,	ar2	Year3	Year4	Year5	j Y∈ \$95	ar6	Year7	Year
ameter erational Personnel Time	Year1 \$95,428	1 Ye 8 \$95, 0	ar2 ,428	Year3 \$95,428	Year4 \$95,428	Year5 \$95,428	i Y∈ \$95	ar6 ,428	Year7 \$95,428	Year
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time	Year1 \$95,428 \$0	1 Ye 8 \$95, 0	ar2 ,428 \$0 \$0	Year3 \$95,428 \$0	Year4 \$95,428 \$0	Year5 \$95,428 \$0	i Ye 8 \$95	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0	Year7 \$95,428 \$0	Year
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time ining	Year1 \$95,428 \$0 \$0	1 Ye 8 \$95, 0 0 0 8 \$405,	ar2 ,428 \$0 \$0	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$0	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$0	Year5 \$95,428 \$0 \$0	i Ye 3 \$95 1 1 1 \$405	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0	Year7 \$95,428 \$0 \$0	Yeari \$95,42 \$ \$
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time ining S Supplies	Year1 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000	1 Ye 8 \$95, 0 0 0 \$405, 0	ar2 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000	Year5 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000	i Ye 8 \$95 1 1 1 \$405	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000	Year7 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000	Yeari \$95,42 \$ \$
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time ining S Supplies duction Downtime	Year1 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0	1 Ye 8 \$95, 0 0 0 \$405, 0	ar2 ,428 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0	Year5 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0	i Ye 3 \$95 1 1 1 1 1 1	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year7 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0	Yeari \$95,42 \$ \$
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time ining S Supplies duction Downtime dical Costs and Insurance	Year1 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	1 Ye 3 \$95, 0 \$405, 0 \$405, 0 \$400, 0 \$400,	ar2 ,428 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year5 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	i Ye 3 \$95 1 1 1 \$405 1 1 \$400	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year7 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0	Yeari \$95,42 \$ \$ \$405,00 \$ \$
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time ining S Supplies duction Downtime dical Costs and Insurance s of Raw Materials, Product	Year1 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$400,000	1 Ye 3 \$95, 0 \$405, 0 \$405, 0 \$400, 0 \$400, 0 \$400,	ear2 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$ \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$400,000	Year5 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$400,000	i Ye 3 \$95 1 1 1 \$405 1 1 \$400	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year7 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$400,000	Yeari \$95,42 \$ \$ \$405,00 \$ \$
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time ining S Supplies duction Downtime dical Costs and Insurance s of Raw Materials, Product es and Penalties	Year1 \$95,428 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	1 Ye 3 \$95, 0 \$405, 0 \$405, 0 \$400, 0 \$400, 0 \$400,	ear2 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$ \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$100,000	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$400,000 \$0	Year5 \$95,428 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$100,000	i Ye 3 \$95 1 1 1 \$405 1 1 \$400	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year7 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$400,000 \$0	Yeari ▲ \$95,42 \$ \$ \$405,00 \$ \$ \$400,00 \$
ameter erational Personnel Time S Personnel Time ining S Supplies duction Downtime dical Costs and Insurance s of Raw Materials, Product es and Penalties	Year1 \$95,428 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$100,000	1 Ye 3 \$95, 0 \$405, 0 \$405, 0 \$400, 0 \$400, 0 \$400,	ear2 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$ \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Year3 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$100,000 \$100,000	Year4 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$100,000	Year5 \$95,428 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$100,000	Ye \$95 \$95 \$405 \$405 \$400 \$	ear6 ,428 \$0 \$0 ,000 \$0 ,000 \$0 ,000	Year7 \$95,428 \$0 \$0 \$405,000 \$0 \$0 \$400,000 \$0 \$100,000	Yeari ▲ \$95,42 \$ \$ \$405,00 \$ \$ \$400,00 \$

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ſ	Analyze: Generic Containment									X	
	Containment	• <	Scenarios		Memo				<u><</u> <	≥	
	Incident Approach Benefits of Project	osts of Proje	ect Decision	n Matrix	a cost of go	ods per table	t of \$0.0299.				
	Parameter	Year1	Year2	Year3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Yeari 🔺		
	Operational Personnel Time	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,42		
	EHS Personnel Time	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
1202	Training	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
5202	EHS Supplies	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,00		
	Production Downtime	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
	Medical Costs and Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
	Loss of Raw Materials, Product	\$400,000		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,00		
	Fines and Penalties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$		
Incide:	nt Approach Benefits of Projecter	t Costs	of Project	t Decisi Year		x /ear3	a cost of g Year4	oods per ta		Year6	Year7
					_						
	ional Personnel Time	_	\$95,428	\$95,42		5,428	\$95,428			95,428	
	ersonnel Time		\$0		0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
Trainin	g		\$0	\$	0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
EHS S	upplies		\$405,000	\$405,00	0 \$40	5,000	\$405,000	\$405,00	00 \$4	105,000	\$405,000
Produc	tion Downtime		\$0	\$	0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
Medica	al Costs and Insurance		\$0	\$	0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
Loss o	f Raw Materials, Product		\$400,000	\$400,00	0 \$40	0,000	\$400,000	\$400,0	00 \$4	100,000	\$400,000
	Benefits Before Taxes	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428		
	Net Tax Benefits	\$1000420		\$1000420	\$1000420	\$1000420	\$1000420	\$1000420	\$0		
	Total Benefits	\$1000428		\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428		\$1000428		
	•								Þ		
	101			_					_		*

Containment	▼ <-	- Scenarios		Memo				<u><</u> <
ncident Approach Benefits of Proje	ect Costs of Project	ct Decision	Matrix	For every 4	room air chan	ge decrease t	here is \$100,00	00 of energy se
Parameter	Year1	Year2	Year3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Yeari 🔺
Operational Personnel Time	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,428	\$95,42
EHS Personnel Time	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Training	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
EHS Supplies	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$405,00
Production Downtime	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Medical Costs and Insurance	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Loss of Raw Materials, Product	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$400,00
Fines and Penalties	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Energy	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,00
		\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,00
		\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,00
	\$0	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
Net Incident Approach Benefit								
Net Incident Approach Benefit Benefits Before Taxes Net Tax Benefits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

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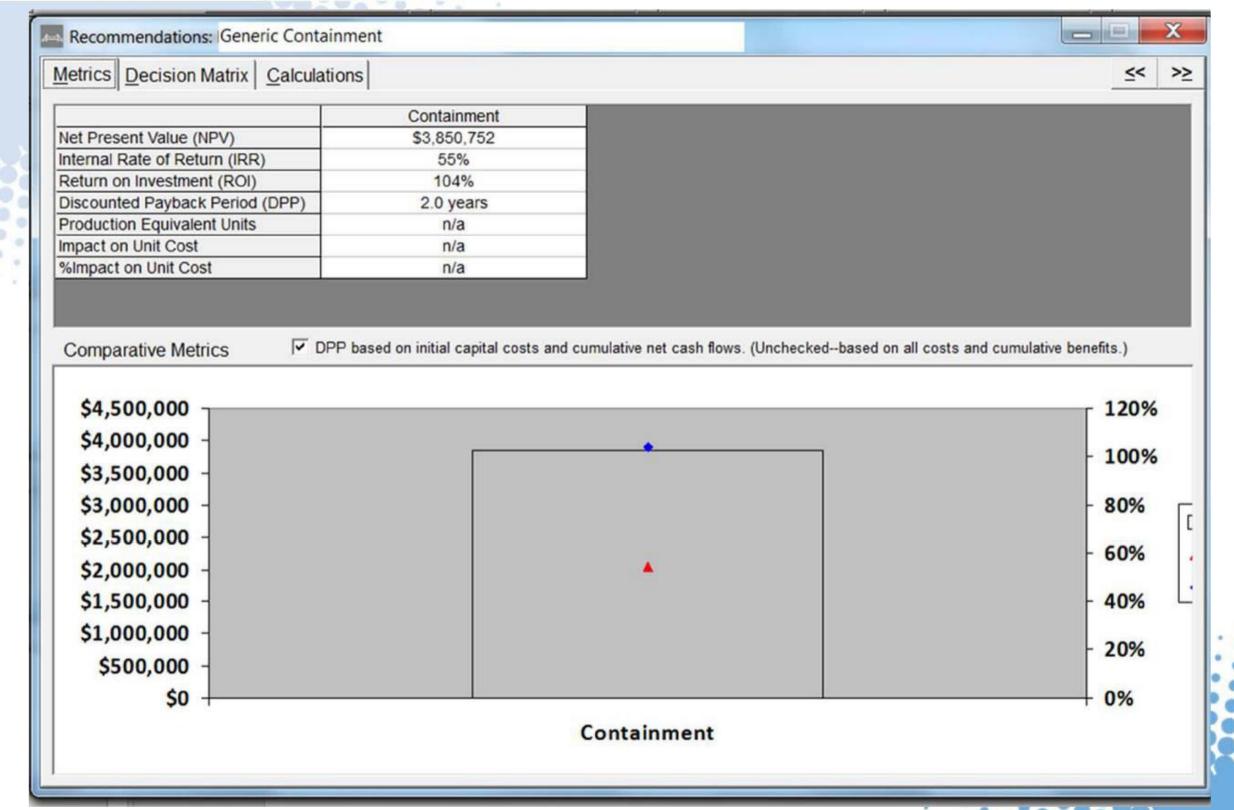
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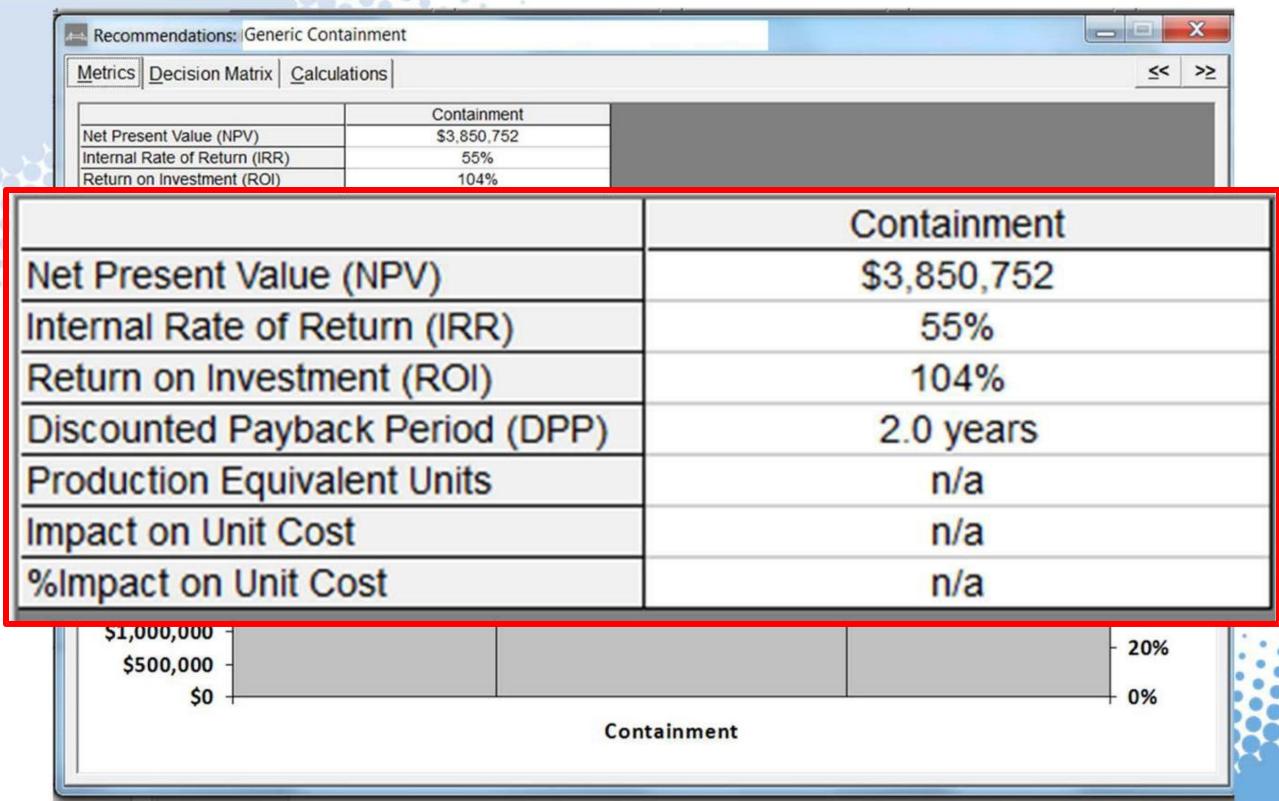
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Metrics Decision Matrix Ca	Iculations									<u><</u> <	≥		
Containment Scenarios													
Regular Calculations													
	Time 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Ye		
Benefits	\$0	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$6		
Costs	\$1200000	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$1		
Difference	-\$1200000	\$667552	\$667552	\$667552	\$667552	\$667552	\$667552	\$667552	\$667552	\$667552	\$4		
Benefits Adjusted for Inflation	\$0	\$1023438	\$1046977	\$1071057	\$1095692	\$1120893	\$1146673	\$1173047	\$1200027	\$1227627	\$7		
Costs Adjusted for Inflation	\$1200000	\$340532	\$348364	\$356376	\$364573	\$372958	\$381536	\$390312	\$399289	\$408472	\$2		
PV Benefit Adjusted for Inflation	\$0	\$954699	\$911061	\$869418	\$829677	\$791754	\$755563	\$721027	\$688070	\$656619	\$3		
PV Cost Adjusted for Inflation	\$1200000	\$317660	\$303140	\$289284	\$276061	\$263443	\$251401	\$239910	\$228944	\$218479	\$1		
Cumulative PV Benefit Adj. for In	\$0	\$954699	\$1865761	\$2735178	\$3564856	\$4356609	\$5112173	\$5833200	\$6521270	\$7177889	\$75		
Cumulative PV Cost Adj. for Inf.	\$1200000	\$1517660	\$1820801	\$2110085	\$2386146	\$2649589	\$2900990	\$3140900	\$3369843	\$3588322	\$37		
NPV of Project up to Year i	-\$1200000	-\$562961	\$44960	\$625093	\$1178710	\$1707021	\$2211183	\$2692301	\$3151427	\$3589567	\$38		
•											Þ		

Tax Calculations

	Time 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Ye
Operating Benefits Before Taxes	\$0	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$1000428	\$6
Operating Costs Before Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Tax Depreciation	\$0	\$108000	\$108000	\$108000	\$108000	\$108000	\$108000	\$108000	\$108000	\$108000	\$1
Net Income Before Taxes	\$0	\$892428	\$892428	\$892428	\$892428	\$892428	\$892428	\$892428	\$892428	\$892428	\$4
Taxes	\$0	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$1
Investment Tax Credits	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Net Taxes	\$0	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$332876	\$1





Summary

Being able to complete credible financial analysis changes the EHS paradigm:

- helps you decide which initiatives to bring forward
- helps you finesse management into an EHS discussion
- gives you business credibility

Financial analysis resolves the manager's paradox

- they can do the right thing
- and defend it to the shareholders

Bottom line

you get the investment and sooner and there's no buyer's remorse



Being able to complete credible financial analysis changes the EHS paradigm:

ENSURES FULL EMPLOYMENT FOR EHS

David Eherts PhD CIH

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Questions or Comments? Type them into the chat box!





Greg Derevianko Senior Health & Safety Manager Comcast Corp.

David Eherts, Ph.D Vice President, Global EHS Allergan plc 2019 NAEM Lifetime Achievement Award Recipient

Adrian Khan Environmental, Health, Safety & Security, Senior Manager North America Mother Parkers Tea & Coffee Inc.

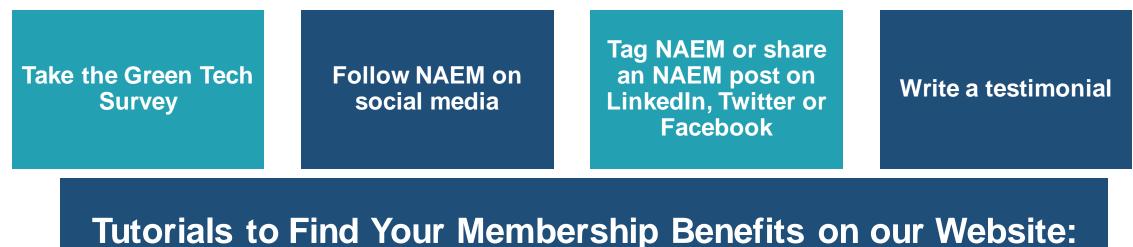


Lesley Clarke Manager, Environmental Performance Walker Industries Inc. 2018 NAEM NexGen Leader Award Recipient



Remaining Activities for the Week

- Thursday, Jan 30: Discount Day
 - Most inexpensive prices of the year on all 2020 conference
 - Already registered for March EHS Tech Conference, offering Early Bird rate this day only!
- Friday, Jan 31: Raffle Day
 - How to enter the raffle:



https://www.naem.org/resources/website-tutorials/

